

Events

In the terminology of Entire Operations, an event is the occurrence of a defined situation which is recognized during end-of-job analysis. Entire Operations automatically triggers system action, depending on the occurrence of events during job processing (see the section End-of-Job Checking and Actions). Any number of events can be defined for a job.

Some examples of possible defined events are:

- Exit code of a UNIX job equals 2;
- STEP2 of JOB1 ends with a condition code greater than 8;
- No job step ends with a condition code greater than 0;
- A defined message appears in the job sysout;
- A data base or file contains or does not contain certain expected data;
- The result of a user routine (expressed by its return code).
- A job variable contains certain expected data (BS2000/OSD).