

Terminal Command Key Assignments

The following topics are covered:

- CLEAR Key - Interrupt Current Operation
- CTRL+D Keys - Interrupt Current Operation
- RESET+ENTER Keys - Attention Interrupt

Note:

Within a program, you can assign terminal commands to function keys by using the SET KEY statement. With the system command KEY you can also assign terminal commands to functions keys.

See also:

[Terminal Commands - Overview](#) | [Terminal Command List](#) | [List of Terminal Commands Grouped by Function](#)

CLEAR Key - Interrupt Current Operation

Pressing the CLEAR key has the same effect as the terminal command "%%".

Natural for Mainframes:

You can also use the CLEAR key to interrupt a recording that is being played back in step mode. Further information on recording is provided in Recording in the section Debugging and Monitoring.

Natural for UNIX/OpenVMS:

You can use the ESC key instead of the CLEAR key - unless another function is assigned to ESC in SAGtermcap.

CTRL+D Keys - Interrupt Current Operation

Note:

This function is only available on mainframe terminals.

Pressing the keys CTRL+D has the same effect as the terminal command "%%".

RESET+ENTER Keys - Attention Interrupt

Note:

This function is only available under Com-plete on terminals connected via a local controller.

Pressing RESET and then ENTER terminates the current processing loop. The loop must contain a database access statement.